

FAUST PARK – FLOWERS WE CAN EXPECT TO SEE

Week 15 (2nd Week of July)

Since there are so many different flowers planted in this beautiful park, we've organized our Botany Walk (and this species list) into 3 areas: the "Doctor's Garden", the "Carousel area", and the "Butterfly House area".

THE DOCTOR'S GARDEN

When Doctor Bates (the son of Missouri's 2nd governor) used to live here in the late 1850's, he likely had a garden in which he grew some of the medicinal herbs that he would have needed in his practice. Below is a list of plants we're likely to find in his garden and the possible ways he might have used them.

	BOTANICAL NAME (with genus pronunciation)	FAMILY [CC] = Coefficient of Conservatism	COMMON NAME Phenophase: ☼ = flowering 🌱 = fruiting [MEDICINAL or PRACTICAL USE]
☐	<i>Achillea millefolium</i> (ack-ill-LEE-uh)	Asteraceae (Anthemideae tribe) [CC1]	Yarrow ☼ [all parts medicinal / many uses, including stopping of bleeding]
☐	<i>Actaea racemosa</i> (ak-TEE-uh)	Ranunculaceae [CC7]	Black Cohosh ☼ [roots/rhizomes medicinal / menstrual problems / external for complexion]
☐	<i>Agastache foeniculum</i> (AGG-uh-STACK-ee)	Lamiaceae (Nepetoideae subfam.) [garden]	Anise Hyssop ☼ [leaves are medicinal / many uses / infusion, extract, poultice]
☐	<i>Allium proliferum</i> (AL-ee-um)	Amaryllidaceae [introduced]	Egyptian Walking Onion (culinary)
☐	<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i> (AL-ee-um)	Amaryllidaceae [garden]	Chives ☼ [aerial parts medicinal with anti-inflammatory properties for wounds, sore throats]
☐	<i>Althaea officinalis</i> (al-THEE-uh)	Malvaceae [introduced]	Marsh Mallow ☼ [leaves and roots have soothing mucilage]
☐	<i>Amaranthus tuberculatus</i> (am-r-ANN-thus)	Amaranthaceae [CC0]	Roughfruit Amaranth / Tall Waterhemp edible
☐	<i>Amsonia tabernaemontana</i> (am-SO-nee-uh / tab-br-nay-mon-TAY-nuh)	Apocynaceae [CC6]	Bluestar 🌱
☐	<i>Aralia racemosa</i> (uh-RAY-lee-uh)	Araliaceae [CC8]	Spikenard ☼ [roots used medicinally as general tonic – has pleasant flavor]
☐	<i>Arisaema triphyllum</i> (ayr-eh-SEE-muh)	Araceae [CC6]	Jack-in-the-Pulpit 🌱 [root used as poultice for headaches and sores]
☐	<i>Armoracia rusticana</i> (arm-r-RAY-see-uh)	Brassicaceae [garden]	Horseradish [many medicinal uses including for respiratory issues and urinary tract infections]
☐	<i>Artemisia alba</i> (ar-teh-MEE-zee-uh)	Asteraceae (Anthemideae tribe) [introduced]	White Mugwort / White Wormwood [online info hopelessly entangled with <i>Artemisia herba-alba</i>]
☐	<i>Artemisia annua</i> (ar-teh-MEE-zee-uh)	Asteraceae (Anthemideae tribe) [intro]	Sweet Annie [famous source of artemisinin, the anti-malaria drug]
☐	<i>Artemisia vulgaris</i> (ar-teh-MEE-zee-uh)	Asteraceae (Anthemideae tribe) [garden]	Mugwort [anxiety, high blood pressure, digestive problems and itching]
☐	<i>Baptisia australis</i> (bap-TIZZ-ee-uh)	Fabaceae [CC8]	Blue Wild Indigo 🌱 [crushed and fermented leaves used for blue dye]
☐	<i>Borago officinalis</i> (bor-RAY-go)	Boraginaceae [garden]	Borage ☼ [used in salads and to relieve coughs]
☐	<i>Calendula officinalis</i> (kuh-LENN-dyoo-luh)	Asteraceae (Calenduleae tribe) [garden]	Pot Marigold ☼ [used as saffron substitute and as anti-inflammatory for healing wounds]
☐	<i>Callirhoe involucrata</i> (kal-lr-RO-ee)	Malvaceae [CC5]	Purple Poppy Mallow / Winecup ☼ [root decoction for internal pain relief]
☐	<i>Celosia spicata</i> (sell-O-see-uh)	Amaranthaceae [garden]	Wool-Flower / Cockscomb (if crested by fasciation) ☼ [genus has medicinal qualities]
☐	<i>Chelone lyonii</i> (cheh-LO-nee)	Plantaginaceae [garden]	Pink Turtlehead [used for digestive issues]
☐	<i>Cleome houteana</i> (klay-O-mee)	Cleomaceae [garden]	Spider Flower ☼ [leaves used for arthritis]
☐	<i>Convallaria majalis</i> (kon-vuh-LAYR-ee-uh / muh-JAH-liss)	Asparagaceae [garden]	Lily of the Valley [toxic bulb used for heart problems]

☐	<i>Coreopsis tinctoria</i> (kor-ee-OPP-sis)	Asteraceae (Coreopsideae tribe) [CC1]	Plains Coreopsis ☼ [flowers for yellow and red dyes / medicinally used for infection & diarrhea]
☐	<i>Cota tinctoria</i> (KO-tuh)	Asteraceae (Anthemideae tribe) [garden]	Golden Marguerite ☼ [produces excellent yellow dyes]
☐	<i>Deparia acrostichoides</i> (deh-PAIR-ee-uh)	Athyriaceae (Polypodiales) [CC10]	Silvery Glade Fern / Silvery Spleenwort [medicinally used to induce vomiting]
☐	<i>Echinacea purpurea</i> (eck-in-AY-see-uh)	Asteraceae (Heliantheae tribe) [CC5]	Purple Coneflower ☼ [medicinally to raise body's resistance to bacterial and viral infections]
☐	<i>Erechtites hieraciifolius</i> (ayr-ik-TY-teez)	Asteraceae (Senecioneae tribe) [CC1]	Burnweed [medicinally used as emetic and for poison ivy, hemorrhoids, and for blue dye]
☐	<i>Eryngium yuccifolium</i> (er-RIN-jee-um)	Apiaceae (Apiodeae subfamily) [CC8]	Rattlesnake Master ☼ [used for whooping cough and for weaving baskets and sandals]
☐	<i>Eutrochium purpureum</i> (yoo-TRO-kee-um)	Asteraceae (Eupatorieae tribe) [CC6]	Sweet (or Purple) Joe Pye Weed ☼ [used medicinally as a diuretic and astringent]
☐	<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i> (feh-NICK-yoo-lum)	Apiaceae [garden]	Fennel ☼ [used medicinally to relieve indigestion]
☐	<i>Galium verum</i> (GAY-lee-um)	Rubiaceae [garden]	Lady's Bedstraw ☼ [used to curdle milk in cheese-making, used as diuretic & mild sedative]
☐	<i>Gomphrena globosa</i> (gom-FREE-nuh)	Amaranthaceae [garden]	Globe Amaranth ☼ [used in dried flower arrangements / has medicinal properties]
☐	<i>Helianthus decapetalus</i> (hee-lee-ANN-thus / deck-uh-PET-uh-luss)	Asteraceae (Heliantheae tribe) [CC9]	Thinleaf Sunflower / 10-Petal Sunflower
☐	<i>Hemerocallis fulva</i> (hem-er-o-KAL-iss)	Asphodelaceae [garden]	Orange Daylily / ☼ [flowers and tubers edible; used for sleep improvement and antidepressant]
☐	<i>Hosta sieboldii</i> (HOSS-tuh)	Asparagaceae (Agavoideae subfamily) [garden]	Small-Leaved Plantain Lily [all Hosta plants are edible, but mostly just used ornamentally]
☐	<i>Hydrangea arborescens</i> (hy-DRAIN-jee-uh)	Hydrangeaceae [CC7]	Hydrangea ☼ [root and rhizome used medicinally to increase urine flow]
☐	<i>Hypericum prolificum</i> (hy-PAYR-i-kum)	Hypericaceae [CC4]	Shrubby St. John's Wort ☼ [this is not the species traditionally used for depression]
☐	<i>Inula helenium</i> (INN-yoo-luh)	Asteraceae (Inuleae tribe) [garden]	Elecampane ☼ [long history for treating coughs and other respiratory problems]
☐	<i>Ipomoea quamoclit</i> (eye-po-MEE-uh)	Convolvulaceae [garden]	Cypress Vine [was used medicinally to treat hemorrhoids and other ailments]
☐	<i>Iris domestica</i> (EYE-riss)	Iridaceae [garden]	Blackberry Lily ☼ [flowers and rhizomes used in aromatherapy for sedative properties]
☐	<i>Iris pallida</i> (EYE-riss)	Iridaceae [garden]	Sweet Iris, Dalmatian Iris 🌸 [a species from which Orris Oil can be extracted from rhizomes]
☐	<i>Jacobaea maritima</i> () (juh-KO-bee-uh)	Asteraceae (Senecione tribe) [CC]	Dusty Miller / Silver Ragwort [toxic but used to remove cataracts]
☐	<i>Lamium galeobdolon</i> (LAY-mee-um)	Lamiaceae [garden]	Yellow Archangel / Golden Deadnettle [edible, used medicinally for several ailments]
☐	<i>Lavandula angustifolia</i> (luh-VAN-dyoo-luh)	Lamiaceae (Nepetoideae subfam.) [garden]	English Lavender ☼ [many applications from aromatherapy to medicinal to culinary]
☐	<i>Liatris spicata</i> (ly-AY-triss)	Asteraceae (Eupatorieae tribe) [CC10]	Dense Blazing Star ☼ [root/corm infusion used for sore throat gargle]
☐	<i>Lindera benzoin</i> (lin-DEER-uh)	Lauraceae [CC5]	Spicebush [decoction (strong tea) used as a diaphoretic to treat fevers]
☐	<i>Marrubium vulgare</i> (mar-ROO-bee-um)	Lamiaceae [garden]	Horehound 🌸 [used medicinally to treat colds]
☐	<i>Matricaria chamomilla</i> (mat-trick-CARE-ee-uh)	Asteraceae / Anthemideae tribe [garden]	German Chamomile ☼ [used medicinally as a tea for relaxation, sleep, and digestive support]
☐	<i>Melissa officinalis</i> (muh-LISS-uh / o-fish-eh-NALL-iss)	Lamiaceae (Nepetoideae subfam.) [garden]	Lemon Balm [used medicinally for relaxation and sleep]
☐	<i>Nepeta racemosa</i> (NEPP-eh-tuh)	Lamiaceae (Nepetoideae subfam.) [garden]	Low Catnip ☼ [used medicinally as a soothing tea to soothe upset stomachs]
☐	<i>Origanum vulgare</i> (or-ih-GAY-num)	Lamiaceae [garden]	Oregano ☼ [used for its strong flavor and for its medicinal properties]
☐	<i>Paeonia officinalis</i> (pee-O-nee-uh / o-fish-eh-NALL-iss)	Paeoniaceae [garden]	Garden Peony [although toxic, it has been used medicinally for 2,000 years]
☐	<i>Pelargonium graveolens</i> (pell-r-GO-nee-um)	Geraniaceae [garden]	Scented Geranium [fragrant leaves used for aromatherapy and medicinally]
☐	<i>Physalis grisea</i> (fy-SAY-liss)	Solanaceae [garden]	Strawberry Tomato ☼ [ripe fruit used in pies, jams, and sauces]

☐	<i>Pycnanthemum verticillatum</i> (<i>P. pilosum</i>) (pik-NANN-thuh-mum)	Lamiaceae (Nepetoideae subfam.) [CC5]	Whorled Mountainmint ☼ [leaves & flowers for tea / used medicinally to treat digestive disorders]
☐	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i> (KWERK-us)	Fagaceae [CC3]	Shingle Oak 🌰 acorns developing / [wood easily split for roof shingles]
☐	<i>Ratibida pinnata</i> (ruh-TIBB-i-duh)	Asteraceae (Heliantheae tribe) [CC4]	Gray-Headed Coneflower ☼ [root used for toothaches]
☐	<i>Rosa gallica</i> (RO-zuh)	Rosaceae [garden]	Gallic Rose, Apothecary's Rose [medicinally for its astringent and anti-inflammatory properties]
☐	<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i> (rood-BECK-ee-uh)	Asteraceae (Heliantheae tribe) [CC1]	Black-Eyed-Susan ☼ [used medicinally for colds and fevers]
☐	<i>Salvia nemorosa</i> (SAL-vee-uh)	Lamiaceae [garden]	Woodland Sage ☼ [used medicinally for diarrhea and hemorrhoids]
☐	<i>Salvia officinalis</i> (SAL-vee-uh)	Lamiaceae [garden]	Sage ☼ [aromatic leaves used in cooking and medicinally for many health benefits]
☐	<i>Salvia yangii</i> (Perovskia) (SAL-vee-uh)	Lamiaceae [garden]	Russian Sage ☼ [used for anti-inflammation properties]
☐	<i>Saponaria officinalis</i> (sap-o-NAYR-ee-uh)	Caryophyllaceae [intro]	Soapwort ☼ [used as a gentle soap and medicinally as an expectorant to treat coughs]
☐	<i>Satureja montana</i> (sat-tur-EE-juh)	Lamiaceae (Nepetoideae subfam.) [garden]	Winter Savory ☼ [used for flavoring food and medicinally as a digestive aid]
☐	<i>Silene regia</i> (sy-LEE-nee)	Caryophyllaceae [CC9]	Royal Catchfly ☼ [other <i>Silene</i> species are used medicinally, but apparently not this one]
☐	<i>Solanum carolinense</i> (so-LAY-num)	Solanaceae [CC0]	Carolina Horsenettle / Evil Tomato ☼ & 🌰 [toxic plant once was used to treat epilepsy]
☐	<i>Sonchus asper</i> (SONN-kus)	Asteraceae (Cichorieae tribe) [introduced]	Prickly Sowthistle 🌰 [leaves edible, latex in sap used to removed warts]
☐	<i>Stachys byzantina</i> (STAY-keez)	Lamiaceae (Lamioideae subfamily) [garden]	Lamb's Ear 🌰 [young leaves edible; leaves have antiseptic quality for healing wounds]
☐	<i>Symphytum officinale</i> (simm-FY-tum)	Boraginaceae [garden]	Comfrey ☼ & 🌰 [used topically to relieve muscle and joint pain]
☐	<i>Syringa vulgaris</i> (sr-RING-guh)	Oleaceae [garden]	Lilac 🌰 [flowers used culinarily, many parts used medicinally]
☐	<i>Tagetes patula</i> (tuh-JEE-teez)	Asteraceae (Tageteae tribe) [garden]	French Marigold ☼ [used for digestion and constipation]
☐	<i>Tanacetum vulgare</i> (tan-uh-SEE-tum)	Asteraceae (Anthemideae tribe) [garden]	Tansy 🌰 [used as insect repellent]
☐	<i>Teucrium divaricatum</i> (TOO-kree-um)	Lamiaceae (Ajugoideae subfamily) [garden]	Spreading Germander ☼ [used for weight control and lowering cholesterol]
☐	<i>Thymus pulegioides</i> (TY-muss)	Lamiaceae (Nepetoideae subfam.) [garden]	Broadleaf Thyme ☼ [lemon-scented leaves in cooking / medicinally for respiratory health]
☐	<i>Thymus vulgaris</i> (TY-muss)	Lamiaceae (Nepetoideae subfam.) [garden]	Thyme [medicinal uses include treating acne and relieving coughs]
☐	<i>Tradescantia ohiensis</i> (trad-eh-SKANT-ee-uh)	Commelinaceae [CC3]	Ohio Spiderwort 🌰 [edible leaves and stem / medicinally to soothe insect bites and laxative]
☐	<i>Tussilago farfara</i> (tuss-eh-LAY-go)	Asteraceae (Senecioneae tribe) [intro]	Coltsfoot [once used for asthma, sore throat and cough, but now considered unsafe]
☐	<i>Ulmus rubra</i> (UL-muss)	Ulmaceae [CC5]	Slippery Elm / Red Elm [bark famously produces mucilage for treating many ailments]
☐	<i>Verbascum thapsus</i> (vr-BASS-kum)	Scrophulariaceae [introduced]	Mullein [used as an expectorant for coughs, colds, pneumonia]
☐	<i>Vernonia fasciculata</i> (vr-NO-nee-uh)	Asteraceae (Vernonieae tribe) [CC7]	Smooth Ironweed ☼ [leaves used as a sore-throat gargle]

CAROUSEL AREA

The building that houses the St. Louis Carousel is rather new, but the carousel inside is more than a century old! The flower gardens near the building appear to be professionally designed.

	BOTANICAL NAME (with genus pronunciation)	FAMILY [CC] = Coefficient of Conservatism	COMMON NAME
☐	<i>Allium stellatum</i> (AL-ee-um)	Amaryllidaceae [CC6]	Autumn Onion
☐	<i>Asclepias syriaca</i> (uh-SKLEE-pee-us)	Apocynaceae [CC0]	Common Milkweed
☐	<i>Baptisia australis</i> (bap-TIZZ-ee-uh)	Fabaceae [CC8]	Blue Wild Indigo
☐	<i>Celosia spicata</i> (sell-O-see-uh)	Amaranthaceae [garden]	Wool-Flower / Cockscomb (if crested by fasciation) /
☐	<i>Cleome houteana</i> (klay-O-mee)	Cleomaceae [garden]	Spider Flower
☐	<i>Cynara cardunculus</i> (SINN-r-uh)	Asteraceae (Cardueae tribe) [intro]	Cardoon / Artichoke Thistle
☐	<i>Datura stramonium</i> (dat-TOOR-uh)	Solanaceae [intro]	Jimsonweed
☐	<i>Dichondra argentea</i> (dy-KONN-druh)	Convolvulaceae [garden]	Silver Ponysfoot / Silver Nickel vine /
☐	<i>Echinacea purpurea</i> (ek-in-NAY-shuh)	Asteraceae (Heliantheae tribe) [CC5]	Purple Coneflower
☐	<i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i> (gleh-DITT-see-uh)	Fabaceae [CC2]	Honey Locust
☐	<i>Heliopsis helianthoides</i> (hee-lee-OPP-sis)	Asteraceae (Heliantheae tribe) [CC5]	Ox-Eye Sunflower / False Sunflower
☐	<i>Lantana camara</i> (lan-TAY-nuh)	Verbenaceae [garden]	Lantana
☐	<i>Lantana montevidensis</i> (lan-TAY-nuh)	Verbenaceae [garden]	Trailing Lantana
☐	<i>Magnolia kobus</i> (mag-NO-lee-uh)	Magnoliaceae [garden]	Kobus Magnolia
☐	<i>Oenothera speciosa</i> (ee-no-THEER-uh)	Onagraceae [CC2]	Pink Evening Primrose
☐	<i>Ruellia simplex</i> (roo-ELL-ee-uh)	Acanthaceae [garden]	Mexican Petunia
☐	<i>Salvia farinacea</i> (SAL-vee-uh)	Lamiaceae [CC]	Mealycup Sage
☐	<i>Salvia guaranitica</i> (SAL-vee-uh)	Lamiaceae [garden]	Anise-Scented Sage
☐	<i>Salvia nemorosa</i> (SAL-vee-uh)	Lamiaceae [garden]	Woodland Sage
☐	<i>Salvia yangii</i> (Perovskia) (SAL-vee-uh)	Lamiaceae [garden]	Russian Sage
☐	<i>Talinum paniculatum</i> (TAL-ih-num)	Talinaceae (Caryophyllales) [garden]	Jewels of Opar
☐	<i>Viburnum lantana</i> (vy-BURR-num)	Viburnaceae [introduced]	Wayfaring Tree
☐	<i>Zinnia angustifolia</i> (ZINN-ee-uh)	Asteraceae (Heliantheae tribe) [garden]	Narrowleaf Zinnia

BUTTERFLY HOUSE AREA:

On the north side of the Butterfly House there's a rich, well-kept garden. On the east side there are many native water plants next to a large pond.

	BOTANICAL NAME (with genus pronunciation)	FAMILY [CC] = Coefficient of Conservatism	COMMON NAME
☐	<i>Artemisia californica</i> (ar-teh-MEE-zhee-uh)	Asteraceae (Anthemideae tribe) [garden]	California Sagebrush
☐	<i>Asclepias syriaca</i> (uh-SKLEE-pee-us)	Apocynaceae [CC0]	Common Milkweed
☐	<i>Asparagus aethiopicus</i> (Asparagus)	Asparagaceae [garden]	Asparagus Fern
☐	<i>Baptisia alba</i> (bap-TIZZ-ee-uh)	Fabaceae [CC6]	White Wild Indigo
☐	<i>Cephalanthus occidentalis</i> (seff-uh-LANN-thus)	Rubiaceae [CC3]	Buttonbush
☐	<i>Clematis pitcheri</i> (kleh-MATT-iss)	Ranunculaceae [CC6]	Purple Leatherflower
☐	<i>Clethra alnifolia</i> (KLETH-ruh)	Clethraceae [garden]	Sweet Pepperbush
☐	<i>Cuphea ignea</i> (KOO-fee-uh)	Lythraceae [garden]	Cigar Plant
☐	<i>Ensete ventricosum</i> (ENN-set)	Musaceae [garden]	Enset Tree / Ethiopian Banana
☐	<i>Eutrochium fistulosum</i> (yoo-TRO-kee-um)	Asteraceae (Eupatorieae tribe) [CC8]	Hollow Joe-Pye Weed
☐	<i>Galium odoratum</i> (GAY-lee-um)	Rubiaceae [intro]	Sweetscented Bedstraw / Sweet Woodruff
☐	<i>Hibiscus lasiocarpus</i> (hy-BISS-kuss)	Malvaceae [CC5]	Hairy-Fruited Rose Mallow
☐	<i>Hydrangea quercifolia</i> (hy-DRAIN-jee-uh)	Hydrangeaceae [garden]	Oakleaf Hydrangea
☐	<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i> (lag-gr-STRO-me-uh)	Lythraceae [intro]	Crape-Myrtle
☐	<i>Liatris microcephala</i> (LY-a-triss)	Asteraceae (Eupatorieae tribe) [garden]	Smallhead Blazing Star
☐	<i>Lycopus americanus</i> (ly-KO-pus)	Lamiaceae (Nepetoideae subfamily) [CC4]	American Bugleweed
☐	<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i> (mag-NO-lee-uh)	Magnoliaceae [garden]	Southern Magnolia
☐	<i>Melilotus albus</i> (mell-ih-LOH-tuss)	Fabaceae (Faboideae subfamily) [introduced]	White Sweetclover (xXXXx)
☐	<i>Monarda fistulosa</i> (mo-NARR-duh)	Lamiaceae [CC4]	Wild Bergamot
☐	<i>Persicaria virginiana</i> (pr-si-KAYR-ee-uh)	Polygonaceae [CC1]	Jumpseed / Virginia Knotweed
☐	<i>Petunia integrifolia</i> (petunia)	Solanaceae [intro]	Violet Petunia
☐	<i>Rudbeckia subtomentosa</i> (rood-BECK-ee-uh)	Asteraceae (Heliantheae tribe) [CC5]	Sweet Coneflower
☐	<i>Salix amygdaloides</i> (SAY-licks)	Salicaceae [CC5]	Peachleaf Willow
☐	<i>Senna didymobotrya</i> (SENN-uh)	Fabaceae (Caesalpinioideae subfam) [garden]	African Senna / Popcorn Senna
☐	<i>Solidago altissima</i> (so-lid-DAY-go)	Asteraceae (Astereae tribe) [CC1]	Tall Goldenrod
☐	<i>Stachys hispida</i> (STAY-keez)	Lamiaceae (Lamioideae subfamily) [C6]	Hispid Hedge-Nettle
☐	<i>Thalictrum revolutum</i> (thuh-LICK-trum)	Ranunculaceae [CC5]	Waxy-Leaf Meadow Rue
☐	<i>Typha domingensis</i> (TY-fuh)	Typhaceae [CC2]	Southern Cattail
☐	<i>Verbena hastata</i> (vr-BEE-nuh)	Verbenaceae [CC4]	Blue Verbena

☐	<i>Verbena urticifolia</i> (vr-BEE-nuh)	Verbenaceae [CC2]	White Verbena
☐	<i>Vernonia fasciculata</i> (vr-NO-nee-uh)	Asteraceae (Vernonieae tribe) [CC7]	Smooth Ironweed
☐	<i>Viburnum carlesii</i> (vy-BURR-num)	Adoxaceae [intro]	Korean Spice Viburnum
☐	<i>Vitex agnus-castus</i> (VY-tex)	Lamiaceae [intro]	Chaste Tree
☐	<i>Wisteria frutescens</i> (wis-STEER-ee-uh)	Fabaceae (Faboideae subfamily) [CC4]	American Wisteria

Checklists Prepared 7-10-25
St. Louis Nature Students (stlns.org)